

BOYAR VALUE FUND, INC.
4020 South 147th Street, Suite 2, Omaha, Nebraska 68137

The Boyar Value Fund (the "Fund") seeks long-term capital appreciation, which it pursues by investing primarily in equity securities of companies that are believed by the Fund's investment adviser to be intrinsically undervalued.

Investment advisory services for the Fund are provided by Boyar Asset Management, Inc. (the "Adviser"), and the Fund is managed by Ladenburg Thalmann Fund Management LLC (the "Manager").

This Prospectus has information you should know before you invest. Please read it carefully and retain it with your investment records.

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FOR INFORMATION OR ASSISTANCE IN OPENING AN ACCOUNT, PLEASE CALL: (Toll-Free)
1-800-266-5566

RISK/RETURN SUMMARY

What is the Fund's investment objective?

The Fund's investment objective is long-term capital appreciation.

What are the Fund's principal investment strategies?

Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests primarily in equity securities that are believed by the Adviser to be intrinsically undervalued. Intrinsic value, as the Adviser defines it, is the estimated current worth that would accrue to the stockholders of a company, either through liquidation of corporate assets upon termination of operations, or through the sale or merger of the entire enterprise as a continuing business.

The Adviser believes that stock market prices often fail to accurately reflect the underlying intrinsic value of companies. To find undervalued stocks, the Adviser evaluates a company and its assets as any acquisition-minded business executive would. The Adviser takes the company's balance sheet, tears it apart, and reconstructs it in accordance with economic reality - as opposed to generally accepted accounting principles. Economic reality, according to the Adviser, is the result when you tear a company's balance sheet apart and find hidden or undervalued assets. If the Adviser determines that it would purchase the assets of a company at a significant discount to intrinsic value, the Adviser believes that after a reasonable period of time, either the stock market will accurately reflect those values, or the assets of the company will be acquired by a third party.

The Adviser utilizes a "buy and hold" investment strategy, which reflects the determination to grow capital and maintain purchasing power by holding stocks for the long term. A long-term orientation may seem stodgy, but this approach is as important to investment success as picking the right stocks at the right price and at the right time. Holding the equity of good companies purchased at bargain prices provides the opportunity for appreciation without the return-eroding effects of commissions and capital gains taxes. The Adviser employs a variety of different investment strategies and techniques to uncover opportunities for the Fund. The Fund has no policy regarding the minimum or maximum market capitalization of companies in which it may invest.

What are the principal risks of investing in the Fund?

The return on and value of an investment in the Fund will fluctuate in response to stock market movements. Stocks and other equity securities are subject to market risks and fluctuations in value due to earnings, economic conditions and other factors beyond the control of the Adviser. As a result, there is a risk that you could lose money by investing in the Fund.

Further risks associated with an investment in the Fund may arise from the Fund's investment in the securities of small- and mid-capitalization companies. Stocks of small- and mid-capitalization companies are more likely to experience higher price volatility and may have limited liquidity (which means that the Fund might have difficulty selling them at an acceptable price when it wants to).

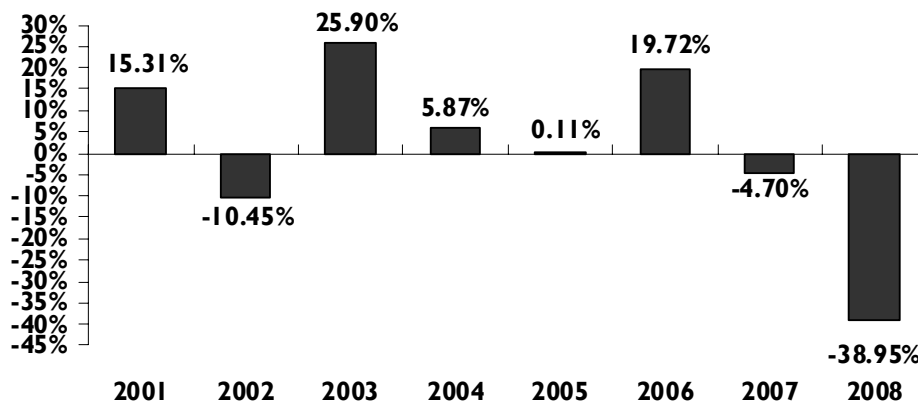
Performance summary

The following bar chart and table indicate the risks and variability of investing in the Fund by showing:

- how the Fund performed in each full calendar year (average annual return) and the Fund's best and worst quarters since inception; and
- how the Fund's average annual total returns compare to other recognized indexes (based on a calendar year).

How the Fund has performed in the past (before and after taxes) does not indicate how the Fund will perform in the future.

The 5% sales charge is not reflected in the bar chart; if reflected, returns would be lower than those shown.



Best and Worst Quarterly Performance

Best Quarter: 16.62% (June 30, 2003)
 Worst Quarter: -23.39% (December 31, 2008)

Average Annual Total Returns For Periods Ended December 31, 2008

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception (May 5, 1998)
Boyar Value Fund				
Return Before Taxes*	-38.95%	-5.89%	1.10%	1.28%
Return After Taxes on Distributions* (1)	-42.28%	-7.32%	0.62%	0.30%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares* (2)	-27.30%	-5.55%	0.90%	0.61%
Russell 2000 Index (3)	-33.79%	-0.93%	3.02%	1.64%
S&P 500 Index (3)	-37.00%	-2.19%	-1.38%	-0.30%

This table illustrates total returns from a hypothetical investment in the Fund. These returns are compared to the indexes for the same periods.

* The performance of the Fund reflects a 5.00% sales charge.

(1) After-tax returns are calculated using the highest historical individual federal income tax rate and do not reflect the additional impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on a shareholder's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant for shareholders who hold Fund shares in tax-deferred accounts or to shares held by non-taxable entities.

(2) When the "Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares" is higher, it is because of realized losses. If a capital loss occurs upon the redemption of the Fund's shares, the capital loss is recorded as a tax benefit, which increases the return and translates into an assumed tax deduction that benefits the shareholder.

(3) The Russell 2000 Index, measures the performance of the 2,000 smallest companies in the Russell 3000 Index and represents approximately 8% of the total market capitalization of the Russell 3000 Index. The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged capitalization weighted index of 500 stocks designed to measure performance of the broad domestic economy through changes in the aggregate market value of the 500 stocks representing all major industries. The performance of the indices includes reinvestment of dividends and capital gains, however, it does not include any expenses or a deduction for federal income Taxes. A shareholder cannot invest directly in an index.

EXPENSE INFORMATION

This table describes the fees and expenses that you will pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum Sales Load Imposed on Purchases ^(a) (as a percentage of offering price)	5.00%
Maximum Deferred Sales Load ^(b) (as a percentage of original purchase price)	None
Maximum Sales Load Imposed on Reinvested Dividends.....	None
Redemption Fee ^{(c)(d)}	2.00%

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (expenses that are deducted from Fund assets)

Management Fees	1.00%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	0.25%
Other Expenses	1.16 %
Underlying or Acquired Funds Expenses	0.02%
Annual Fund Operating Expenses.....	2.43%
Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement ^(e)	0.66%
Net Expenses.....	1.77%

(a) This charge may be reduced depending on your total investment in the Fund.

(b) Purchases at net asset value of amounts totaling \$1 million or more may be subject to a contingent deferred sales charge of 1.00% if a redemption occurred within 12 months after purchase and a commission was paid by the Fund's principal underwriter to a participating unaffiliated dealer.

(c) There is a wire transfer fee charge in the case of redemptions made by wire transfer. Such fee is subject to change and is currently \$10.

(d) A short-term redemption fee of 2.00% will be charged when shares of the Fund are redeemed (either by selling or by exchanging into another fund) within 60 days after purchase. For more information on this fee, see "Redemption Fee" on page 17 of this Prospectus.

(e) Pursuant to a written contract, the Manager, the Adviser and Ladenburg Thalmann & Co. Inc. (the "Distributor") have agreed to waive a portion of their management, advisory, and distribution fees and reimburse certain expenses of the Fund (excluding interest, taxes, brokerage commissions, other expenditures which are capitalized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and other extraordinary expenses not incurred in the ordinary course of the Fund's business) to

the extent necessary to limit the Fund's total annual operating expenses to 1.75% of the Fund's average daily net assets (the "expense limitation"). The Manager, the Adviser and the Distributor may subsequently recover reimbursed expenses and/or waived fees (within 2 years after the fiscal year end in which the waiver/reimbursement occurred) from the Fund to the extent that the Fund's expense ratio is less than the expense limitation. The Manager, the Adviser and the Distributor have agreed to maintain this expense limitation through at least April 30, 2010

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. It assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, reinvest all dividends and distributions, and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods (costs would be the same if shares were not redeemed). The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year, that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same and that the Manager's, Adviser's and Distributor's expense limitation agreement is in effect for 1 year. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

<u>1 YEAR</u>	<u>3 YEARS</u>	<u>5 YEARS</u>	<u>10 YEARS</u>
\$ 677	\$ 1,165	\$ 1,679	\$ 3,085

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS

The Fund's average annual total returns in the following table do not reflect the 5% sales charge; if reflected, returns would be lower than those shown. Returns reflecting the 5% sales charge are shown in the table included in the Risk/Return Summary above. Returns are shown for periods ended March 31, 2009. How the Fund has performed in the past does not indicate how the Fund will perform in the future.

	1 YEAR	5 YEARS	10 YEARS	Since Inception (May 5, 1998)
Boyar Value Fund	(42.11)%	(8.84)%	(0.44)%	(0.09)%

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE, PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND PRINCIPAL RISK CONSIDERATIONS

In General

The investment objective of the Fund is long-term capital appreciation, which it pursues by investing primarily in equity securities, which are believed by the Adviser to be intrinsically undervalued. The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing substantially all, but under normal market conditions no less than 65%, of its total assets in equity securities, including common stock, preferred stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable for common stock. The Fund will primarily invest in equity securities traded on domestic exchanges and/or in the over-the-counter markets. The Fund is not intended to be a complete investment program, and there is no assurance that its investment objective can be achieved. The Fund's investment objective is fundamental and, as such, may not be changed without the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of its outstanding shares. Unless otherwise indicated, all investment practices and limitations of the Fund are nonfundamental policies that may be changed by the Board of Directors without shareholder approval.

Because the Fund invests primarily in equity securities, it will be subject to general conditions prevailing in securities markets and the net asset value ("NAV") of the Fund's shares will fluctuate with changes in the market prices of its portfolio securities.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Adviser seeks out intrinsically undervalued companies and purchases their shares at low prices relative to their perceived inherent worth. This can lead to the potential for significant capital appreciation. The intrinsic value of a company is the estimated current worth that would accrue to the stockholders of the company, either through liquidation of corporate assets upon termination of operations or through the sale or merger of the entire enterprise as a continuing business. In the Adviser's opinion, within an investment time horizon of 3 to 5 years, typically either the stock market will accurately reflect a company's intrinsic value or the assets of the company will be acquired by a third party. From 1975 through March 31, 2009, approximately 40% of the companies that the chief investment officer of the Adviser, Mark A. Boyar, has extensively researched and written in-depth research reports about in *Asset Analysis Focus* (published by a related entity of the Adviser) have been acquired or liquidated (i.e., the assets were sold to a third party and the proceeds of the sale were distributed to the shareholders) the vast majority of these companies were either acquired or liquidated at a premium to the price of the company's shares at the time the initial research report appeared in *Asset Analysis Focus*. Investors in the Fund can generally expect that the Fund will hold many of the companies featured in *Asset Analysis Focus*. Of the companies that were acquired or liquidated, the average time period from the date the initial research report was issued until a transaction actually occurred was approximately 6.3 years.

This "buy and hold" investment strategy reflects the determination to grow capital and maintain purchasing power by holding stocks for the long term. A long-term orientation may sound stodgy, but this approach is as important to investment success as picking the right stocks at the right price and at the right time. Holding the equity of good companies purchased at bargain prices allows compounding to work without the return-eroding effects of commissions and capital gains taxes. Buying and holding stocks not only postpones the payment of capital gains taxes but there are also added positive effects on the compounding rate. The Adviser believes that, by reducing the number of transactions generated by profit taking, all the money invested is still working or compounding for a better return until future tax liability is incurred.

There is an advantage to the "buy and hold" investment strategy assuming various rates of return. Frequent securities trading may increase the tax liabilities of investors and reduce investors' after-tax return by not taking advantage of lower capital gains rates and the advantage of deferring payment of federal tax liabilities. Under a "buy and hold" strategy, tax liabilities may be deferred to the future and, when paid, may be paid at capital gains rates that may be lower than ordinary tax rates. There is no guarantee that federal capital gains rates will remain lower than federal ordinary income tax rates.

To hasten the recognition factor of an intrinsically undervalued company's shares in the marketplace, the Adviser also looks for companies that have some type of catalyst or trigger, for example: a company that has undergone, or is about to undergo, an asset redeployment program, resulting in potentially greater return on assets; a company whose chief operating officer and major stockholder is relatively old and has no

heir to take over the company upon his death or retirement; or a company that is engaged in more than one business, with the possibility that the second business might be spun off to the existing shareholders. The Adviser generally will invest in companies whose shares:

- are not widely held by institutions; or
- are not closely followed by investment analysts; or
- may have plummeted in value because they failed to meet analysts' earnings expectations because the Adviser believes that the likelihood of a significant disparity between stock market value and intrinsic value is likely.

At the time of investment in a company, the Adviser determines the value of all of the assets and liabilities of the company and thereby establishes a potential selling price for the company's common stock. The Adviser reviews the company's asset base from time to time (especially when the common stock of a company nears its selling price target), to carefully determine if something has changed to alter the Adviser's opinion - if not, the security is sold when it meets its fully valued price.

The Adviser employs a variety of different investment strategies to uncover investment opportunities for the Fund, including the following:

1. "Hidden" Assets

"Hidden" assets are assets whose current values are undervalued on a company's financial statements -- a situation which may lead to a disparity between market value and intrinsic worth. Hidden assets include real estate (buildings and undeveloped acreage), reserves of natural resources (coal, gas, oil and timber), cellular or cable franchises, and inventory reserves resulting from the last-in, first-out method of inventory accounting. The Adviser adjusts the value of these assets to their current market value to calculate the intrinsic worth of the company, which may be much higher than the value the stock market accords them.

2. Underpriced Businesses

Excessive pessimism about a particular industry or a specific company may result in extreme disparities between the stock market value of the company and the price that would be placed upon the company if the entire enterprise were acquired by a knowledgeable private investor. When employing this method of valuation, the Adviser considers the subject company's historical earning power, present product mix and financial strength as well as the prices at which similar companies have been acquired in the recent past. The Adviser's findings help place an appropriate value on the shares of the subject company.

3. Undervalued Franchises

A number of companies have, over time, created valuable consumer franchises. Their products are recognized easily by consumers around the world. Such franchises are virtually impossible for a potential competitor to duplicate. These "franchise" companies often can raise prices or even charge a premium for their products or services without losing market share. The value of this competitive advantage may not be adequately reflected in the price of the company's shares.

4. Selling For Less Than Net Working Capital

In most instances, the minimum liquidation value of a company is its net working capital value. This

amount is determined by subtracting from current assets all liabilities senior to the common stock, including current liabilities, long-term debt, preferred stock, capitalized lease obligations and certain pension liabilities. At pessimistic extremes, the stock market will value individual securities at a discount to their net working capital on a per share basis. Investments made at these levels provide an opportunity to purchase securities below their liquidating value and acquire the pro-rata value of property, plant and equipment at zero cost.

5. "Fallen Angels"

Well known companies that were once the "darlings" of Wall Street may fall out of favor with the investment community, causing their stock prices to plummet to unrealistically low levels. The Adviser may purchase shares of such companies if it determines that the fundamentals of such a concern are not permanently impaired.

6. Restructuring Plays, Breakups and Spin-offs

A company interested in enhancing shareholder value may spin off a portion of its assets to current stockholders through the creation of a new public entity. The common stock of the newly spun-off company may trade temporarily at a substantial discount to its underlying NAV. This is in part because this new entity is not immediately followed by Wall Street analysts. However, the newly focused "pure play" companies often perform well and soon receive more coverage than they ever would have as one ungainly and difficult to analyze conglomerate.

7. Bankruptcies

An over-leveraged company that declares bankruptcy can purge itself of excess debt and then emerge as a more competitive enterprise. The stigma of bankruptcy, however, can sometimes depress the stock prices of those companies to bargain levels.

8. Under-Followed Companies

The Adviser normally invests in the equity of companies not widely held by institutions or closely followed by other investment analysts. The Adviser believes that this is the area where the stock market is most inefficient in providing investors the opportunity to find unrecognized values. High-profile, popular companies are monitored carefully and consistently by portfolio managers and investment analysts. The likelihood of a profitable disparity developing between the stock market values and the intrinsic values of these businesses is remote.

9. Low Price-to-Earnings Ratios

The Adviser believes that the risk inherent in the stock selection process can be reduced by purchasing common stock at price-to-earnings ratios that are low relative to those that prevail in the general stock market. Earnings disappointments rarely hurt low price-to-earnings common stocks for long periods of time. On the other hand, positive earnings surprises usually result in an increase of the price to earnings ratio.

10. Large Free Cash Flows

The Adviser favors companies that generate significantly more cash than they need to finance day-to-day operations. Such companies can use this excess cash to repurchase their own shares, increase dividends or make acquisitions.

11. Insider Ownership

The Adviser will take positions in the common equity of companies whose executives buy and hold large amounts of the company's stock. Significant insider ownership of a company's shares often indicates that the interests of the executives and managers who own those shares are aligned with the interests of other shareholders and they have a powerful incentive to work for the company's long-term success. On the other hand, insignificant insider ownership can depress the shares of an otherwise good company because its managers own too little equity in the business to care much about maximizing shareholder value. The Adviser evaluates investments in companies with extreme positions of insider ownership - significant or insignificant - to aid in determining a company's intrinsic value. Excessive non-stock and non-performance related compensation for a company's top officers can also depress the shares of an otherwise good company.

In making investment selections, the Fund also focuses on certain fundamental financial characteristics of a company, including debt-to-capital ratios and the market capitalization of small-, medium- and large-sized companies. The Fund has no policy regarding the minimum or maximum market capitalization of companies in which it may invest.

For temporary defensive purposes, the Fund may from time to time have a significant portion, and possibly all, of its assets in U.S. Government obligations, corporate bonds rated at least Baa by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") or BBB by Standard & Poor's Ratings Group ("S&P"), money market instruments, or money market funds that invest in the foregoing instruments. "U.S. Government obligations" include securities which are issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury, by various agencies of the U.S. Government, and by various instrumentalities which have been established or sponsored by the U.S. Government or in money market instruments. Bonds rated Baa by Moody's or BBB by S&P, while considered "investment grade" obligations, may have speculative characteristics. The money market instruments which the Fund may own from time to time include U.S. Government obligations having a maturity of less than one year, commercial paper rated at least A-2 by S&P or Prime-2 by Moody's, repurchase agreements, bank debt instruments (certificates of deposit, time deposits and bankers' acceptances) and other short-term instruments issued by domestic branches of U.S. financial institutions that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and have assets exceeding \$10 billion. When the Fund invests in U.S. Government obligations, corporate bonds, money market instruments or money market funds for temporary defensive purposes, it may not achieve its investment objective. The Fund may also invest in money market funds in order to maintain sufficient liquidity to cover possible redemptions and as a means of maximizing the Fund's performance while the Adviser is determining where to invest new money.

Principal Risk Considerations

Market Risk.

Every investment carries some market risk. In addition to the risks described below, investments in equity securities are subject to inherent market risks, such as a rapid increase or decrease in value or liquidity,

fluctuations due to a company's earnings, economic conditions, a decline in the market generally, and other factors beyond the control of the Adviser. Accordingly, the value of an investment in the Fund will fluctuate over time. An investment in the Fund should be part of an overall investment strategy. Before investing, please consider the following special risks in determining the appropriateness of an investment in the Fund. We cannot give you any assurance that the Adviser's investment strategy will succeed.

Small- and Medium-Sized Companies.

There is no minimum or maximum market capitalization of the companies in which the Fund may invest. Investing in securities of small- and medium-sized companies may involve greater risks since these securities may have limited marketability, and, thus, their market prices may be more volatile than securities of larger, more established companies or the market in general. Because small- and medium-sized companies normally have fewer shares outstanding than larger companies, it may be more difficult for the Fund to buy or sell significant amounts of these shares without an unfavorable impact on prevailing prices. Small-sized companies may have limited product lines, markets or financial resources and may lack management depth. In addition, small- and medium-sized companies are typically subject to a greater degree of changes in earnings and business prospects than are larger, more established companies. There is typically less publicly available information concerning small- and medium-sized companies than for larger, more established ones. Although investing in securities of small- and medium-sized companies offers potential for above-average returns if the companies are successful, the risk exists that such companies will not succeed and the prices of their shares could significantly decline in value.

Related Transactions.

The Fund may purchase securities that have been researched by Asset Analysis Focus (published by a related entity of the Adviser). However, the Fund will acquire securities featured for the first time in Asset Analysis Focus no earlier than five business days after publication of Asset Analysis Focus. The Fund may also purchase shares in combination with other accounts managed by the Adviser. These practices may have an impact on the price and availability of the securities to be purchased by the Fund.

Portfolio Holdings Disclosure Policy

A description of the Fund's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Fund's portfolio securities is available in the Fund's Statement of Additional Information ("SAI").

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

The Fund is an open-end, diversified management investment company organized as a Maryland corporation. The Board of Directors supervises the business activities of the Fund. Like other mutual funds, various organizations are retained to perform specialized services for the Fund.

Manager

Pursuant to a Management Agreement with the Fund, the Manager oversees the daily operations of the Fund and supervises the performance of administrative and professional services provided by others, including the Adviser. As compensation for its services and the related expenses borne by the Manager, the Fund pays the Manager a fee, computed daily and payable monthly, at the annual rate of 0.50% of the Fund's

average daily net assets.

Ladenburg Thalmann Fund Management LLC (the "Manager"), is located at 520 Madison Avenue, 9th Floor, New York, New York 10022. Ladenburg Thalmann Asset Management, Inc. owns 50% of the outstanding securities of the Manager. Ladenburg Thalmann Asset Management, Inc. is a wholly owned subsidiary of Ladenburg Thalmann Financial Services Inc. Ebbets Field Association LLC, an entity controlled by Mark A. Boyar, owns the other 50% of the outstanding voting securities of the Manager.

Investment Adviser

Boyar Asset Management, Inc. (the "Adviser") is an affiliate of Mark Boyar & Company, Inc. ("Mark Boyar & Co."), a registered broker-dealer. The Adviser's principal business address is 35 East 21st Street, New York, New York 10010.

Pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement among the Manager, the Adviser and the Fund, the Adviser furnishes investment advisory services to the Fund. Subject to the supervision and direction of the Manager and the Board of Directors, the Adviser manages the Fund's portfolio in accordance with the stated policies of the Fund. The Adviser makes investment decisions for the Fund and places orders for the purchase and sale of portfolio securities. For the services provided pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Fund pays the Adviser a fee, computed daily and payable monthly, at the annual rate of 0.50% of the Fund's average daily net assets.

A discussion regarding the basis for the Board of Directors approval of the Management Agreement and Investment Advisory Agreement of the Fund is available in the Fund's annual report to shareholders dated December 31, 2008.

Portfolio Management

Mark A. Boyar is the Chief Investment Officer of the Fund since the inception of the Fund and is primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio. Mr. Boyar, the President of Mark Boyar & Co., has also been the President of the Adviser since 1983. Mark Boyar & Co. publishes Asset Analysis Focus, an institutionally-oriented research service that focuses on uncovering intrinsically undervalued companies for investment and merger and acquisition activity. The SAI provides additional information about Mr. Boyar's compensation, management of other accounts and ownership of Fund shares.

Investors in the Fund can generally expect the Fund to hold the securities of many of the companies featured in Asset Analysis Focus.

Distributor

Ladenburg Thalmann & Co. Inc. (the "Distributor") is located at 520 Madison Avenue, 9th Floor, New York, New York 10022, and serves as the primary agent for the distribution of shares of the Fund. The Distributor is a member of the New York Stock Exchange, the American Stock Exchange, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and other principal national securities exchanges.

The Distributor is paid monthly fees by the Fund in connection with the servicing of shareholder accounts. A monthly service fee, authorized pursuant to a Shareholder Servicing and Distribution Plan adopted by the

Fund (the "Plan") pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), is calculated at the annual rate of 0.25% of the value of the average daily net assets of the Fund and is used by the Distributor to provide compensation for ongoing servicing and/or maintenance of shareholder accounts with the Fund. Compensation is paid by the Distributor to persons, including employees of the Distributor, who respond to inquiries of shareholders of the Fund regarding their ownership of shares or their accounts with the Fund or who provide other similar services not otherwise required to be provided by other agents of the Fund. Because these fees are paid out of the Fund's assets on an on-going basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

Payments under the Plan are not tied exclusively to the service expenses actually incurred by the Distributor, and the payments may exceed expenses actually incurred by the Distributor. The Board of Directors evaluates the appropriateness of the Plan and its payment terms on an ongoing basis and in doing so considers all relevant factors, including expenses borne by the Distributor and amounts it receives under the Plan.

Sales Charges

When you purchase Fund shares, you pay a 5.00% sales charge on the first \$50,000 of your total investment and less on investments after the first \$50,000. You do not pay a sales charge when you reinvest dividends or distributions paid by the Fund. Shares of the Fund are sold at the public offering price, unless you qualify to purchase shares at NAV. The public offering price is the next determined NAV per share plus a sales charge as shown in the following table.

<u>Amount of Investment</u>	<u>Sales Charge as a % of:</u>		<u>Dealer Reallowance as % of Public Offering Price</u>
	<u>Public Offering Price</u>	<u>Net Amount Invested</u>	
Less than \$50,000	5.00%	5.25%	4.50%
\$50,000 but less than \$100,000	4.50%	4.72%	4.00%
\$100,000 but less than \$250,000	3.50%	3.63%	3.00%
\$250,000 but less than \$500,000	2.95%	3.04%	2.70%
\$500,000 but less than \$1,000,000	2.25%	2.31%	2.00%
\$1,000,000 or more	None*	None*	

* There is no front-end sales charge on purchases of \$1 million or more, but a contingent deferred sales charge of 1.00% may apply if a commission was paid by the Fund's principal underwriter to a participating unaffiliated dealer and the shares are redeemed within 12 months from the date of purchase.

Under certain circumstances, the Distributor may increase or decrease the reallowance to dealers. Dealers engaged in the sale of shares of the Fund may be deemed to be underwriters under the Securities Act of 1933. The Distributor retains the entire sales charge on all direct initial investments in the Fund and on all investments in accounts with no designated dealer of record.

Please direct inquiries concerning the services described in this section to Gemini Fund Services, LLC (the "Transfer Agent") at Boyar Value Fund, Inc., c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC, 4020 South 147th Street,

Suite 2, Omaha, NE 68137 or by calling 1-800-266-5566.

Reduced Sales Load. You may use the Right of Accumulation to combine the cost or current NAV (whichever is higher) of your existing Fund shares with the amount of your current purchases in order to take advantage of the reduced sales charges set forth in the table found on the previous page. Purchases made pursuant to a Letter of Intent may also be eligible for the reduced sales charges. The minimum initial investment under a Letter of Intent is \$10,000. Completing a Letter of Intent does not obligate you to purchase additional shares, but if you do not buy enough shares to qualify for the projected level of sales charges by the end of a specified period of time (or when you sell your shares, if earlier), the Distributor will recalculate your sales charge. You must pay the additional sales charge within 20 days after you are notified of the recalculation or it will be deducted from your account (or your sale proceeds). You should contact the Transfer Agent for information about the Right of Accumulation and Letter of Intent. All shareholders may use the Right of Accumulation or a Letter of Intent, subject to the requirements listed in the Prospectus and SAI, to take advantage of the reduced sales charges.

Purchases of Shares at Net Asset Value. Certain individuals and institutions may purchase shares of the Fund at NAV. Investors or their financial adviser must notify the Transfer Agent if the investment qualifies as a purchase at NAV.

Investors whose accounts were opened prior to May 1, 2000 are not subject to any sales charge on subsequent investments.

Shares of the Fund may be purchased at NAV by pension and profit sharing plans, pension funds and other company-sponsored benefit plans that (1) have plan assets of \$500,000 or more, (2) have, at the time of purchase, 100 or more eligible participants, (3) certify that they project to have annual plan purchases of \$200,000 or more, or (4) are provided administrative services by certain third-party administrators that have entered into a special service arrangement with the Adviser relating to such plans.

Banks, bank trust departments and savings and loan associations, in their fiduciary capacity or for their own accounts, may also purchase shares of the Fund at NAV. To the extent permitted by regulatory authorities, a bank trust department may charge fees to clients for whose account it purchases shares at NAV. Federal and state credit unions may also purchase shares at NAV.

In addition, shares of the Fund may be purchased at NAV by broker-dealers who have a sales agreement with the Distributor, and their registered personnel and employees, including members of the immediate families of such registered personnel and employees.

Registered investment advisers who charge a fee for their services and accounts as to which a bank or broker-dealer charges an account management fee ("wrap accounts") may purchase shares at NAV, provided the adviser, bank or broker-dealer has a separate agreement with the Distributor.

Clients of investment advisers may also purchase shares of the Fund at NAV if their investment adviser or broker-dealer has made arrangements to permit them to do so with the Fund and the Distributor. The investment adviser must notify the Transfer Agent that an investment qualifies as a purchase at NAV. Associations and affinity groups of 20 or more and their members may purchase shares of the Fund at NAV provided that management of these groups or their financial adviser has made arrangements to invest at

least \$1 million. Investors or their financial adviser must notify the Transfer Agent that an investment qualifies as a purchase at NAV.

Employees, officers, directors and clients of the Adviser, Manager, Distributor or the Fund or any affiliated company, including members of the immediate family of such individuals and employee benefit plans established by such entities, may also purchase shares of the Fund at NAV. Investors must notify the Transfer Agent that an investment qualifies as a purchase at NAV.

Contingent Deferred Sales Load for Certain Purchases of Shares. A contingent deferred sales charge is imposed upon certain redemptions of shares of the Fund purchased at NAV in amounts totaling \$1 million or more, if the dealer's commission described above was paid by the Fund's principal underwriter and the shares are redeemed within 12 months from the date of purchase. The contingent deferred sales charge will be paid to the Distributor and will be equal to 1% of the NAV at the time of purchase of the shares being redeemed or the amount redeemed, whichever is less. In determining whether the contingent deferred sales charge is payable, it is assumed that shares not subject to the contingent deferred sales charge are the first redeemed followed by other shares held for the longest period of time. The contingent deferred sales charge will not be imposed upon shares representing reinvested dividends or capital gains distributions, or upon amounts representing share appreciation.

Redemptions of such shares of the Fund held for at least 12 months will not be subject to the contingent deferred sales charge. The contingent deferred sales charge is currently waived for any partial or complete redemption following death or disability (as defined in the Internal Revenue Code) of a shareholder (including one who owns the shares with his or her spouse as a joint tenant with rights of survivorship) from an account in which the deceased or disabled is named.

The Fund may require documentation prior to waiver of the charge, including death certificates, physicians' certificates, etc.

HOW TO PURCHASE SHARES

To help the government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities, federal law requires all financial institutions to obtain, verify and record information that identifies each person who opens an account. As a result, when you open an account, you will need to supply your name, address, date of birth and other information that will allow the Fund to identify you. If we are unable to verify your identity, we reserve the right to restrict additional transactions and/or liquidate your account at the next calculated net asset value after your account is closed (less any applicable sales/account charges and/or tax penalties) or take any other action required by law.

Your initial investment in the Fund ordinarily must be at least \$5,000 (\$2,000 for tax-deferred retirement plans). You may open an account and make an initial investment through securities dealers having a sales agreement with the Distributor. You may also make a direct initial investment by sending a check and a completed account application form to Boyar Value Fund, Inc., c/o Gemini Funds Services, LLC, 4020 South 147th Street, Suite 2, Omaha, NE 68137. Your check must be made payable to the "Boyar Value Fund."

Purchases by check must be through a check drawn on a U.S. bank and payable in U.S. dollars. Third party

checks, money orders, traveler's checks and credit card convenience checks will not be accepted. Additionally, bank starter checks are not accepted for the initial purchase into the Fund.

If an order to purchase shares of the Fund is canceled because your check does not clear, a charge (minimum \$25) will be imposed and you will be responsible for any resulting losses or fees incurred by the Fund, the Distributor or the Transfer Agent in the transaction.

Shares of the Fund are sold on a continuous basis at the public offering price next determined after receipt of a purchase order by the Fund. Your purchase order must be received by the Fund's Transfer Agent prior to the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") (generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time). Shares of the Fund purchased through a broker dealer will be sold by the Fund at the public offering price next determined after receipt of a purchase order by the broker dealer. If you purchase shares through a broker-dealer, it is the broker-dealer's responsibility to transmit your order in a timely manner to the Distributor in order for your account to receive that day's public offering price. Dealers may charge you a fee for effecting purchase orders. Direct investments received by the Transfer Agent after the close of NYSE are confirmed at the public offering price next determined on the following business day.

Regular Mail Orders. Please complete and sign the Account Application form accompanying this Prospectus and send it with your check, made payable to Boyar Value Fund, Inc., to:

Boyar Value Fund, Inc.
c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC
4020 South 147th Street, Suite 2
Omaha, NE 68137

Bank Wire Orders. Provided the Transfer Agent has received a completed account application, investments can be made directly by bank wire. To establish a new account or add to an existing account by wire, please call the Fund at 1-800-266-5566 for instructions. You will need to instruct a Federal Reserve System member bank to wire funds to: First National Bank of Omaha, ABA No. 104000016, Credit: Boyar Value Fund, Inc., DDA No. 110192361, FBO: Shareholder Name, Boyar Value Fund, Inc., Shareholder Account Number. Your bank may impose a charge for sending your wire. There is presently no fee for receipt of wired funds, but the Transfer Agent reserves the right to charge shareholders for this service.

It is important that the wire contains all the necessary information and that the Fund receives prior telephone notification to ensure proper credit. To make your initial wire purchase, you must mail a completed account application to the Transfer Agent.

Additional Investments. You may purchase additional shares of the Fund by mail or wire (minimum additional investment of \$1,000, except for automatic investment plans) at any time at the then current public offering price as aforementioned. Before making additional investments by bank wire, please call the Transfer Agent at 1-800-266-5566. Please follow the wire instructions provided by the Transfer Agent.

When calling for any reason, please have your account number ready, if known. Mail orders should include, when possible, the "Invest by Mail" stub that is attached to your Fund confirmation statement. Otherwise, be sure to identify your account number in your letter.

Employees and Affiliates of the Fund. The minimum purchase requirement is not applicable to accounts of Directors, officers or employees of the Fund or certain parties related thereto. The minimum initial investment for such accounts is \$1,000. The Fund may also, in its discretion, accept certain other accounts with less than the stated minimum initial investment.

Stock Certificates. Stock certificates will not be issued for your shares. Evidence of ownership will be given by issuance of periodic account statements that will show the number of shares owned.

HOW TO REDEEM SHARES

You may redeem shares of the Fund on each day that the Fund is open for business by sending a written request to the Transfer Agent. The request must state the number of shares or the dollar amount to be redeemed and your account number. The request must be signed exactly as your name appears on the Fund's account records. If the shares to be redeemed have a value of \$100,000 or more, you must provide a Medallion Signature Guarantee from any eligible guarantor institution, including banks, brokers and dealers, credit unions, national securities exchanges, registered securities associations, clearing agencies and savings associations. If the name(s) or the address on your account has been changed within 30 days of your redemption request, you will be required to request the redemption in writing with your Medallion Signature Guarantee, regardless of the value of the shares being redeemed.

A contingent deferred sales load (charge) may apply to a redemption of Fund shares purchased at NAV, excluding accounts opened prior to May 1, 2000. Please refer to "How to Purchase Shares" for more information.

Redemption requests may direct that the proceeds be wired directly to your existing account in any commercial bank or brokerage firm in the United States as designated on your application. For a \$10 fee, which will be deducted from your redemption proceeds, we can transmit the proceeds by wire to a pre-authorized bank or brokerage account. The Fund reserves the right, upon 30 day's notice, to change the processing fee. Your bank or brokerage firm may also impose a charge for processing the wire. In the event that wire transfer of funds is impossible or impractical, the redemption proceeds will be sent by mail to the designated account.

You will receive the NAV per share next determined after receipt by the Transfer Agent (or other agents of the Fund) of your redemption request in the form described above. Payment is normally made within 3 business days after tender in such form. If the shares being redeemed were purchased by check, the Fund may delay payment of your sale proceeds until your check has cleared. This may take up to 15 days from the date of purchase. To eliminate this delay, you may purchase shares of the Fund by certified check or wire.

You may redeem your shares through a brokerage firm or financial institution that has been authorized to accept orders on behalf of the Fund at the Fund's NAV next determined after your order is received by such organization in proper form before the close of trading on the New York Stock Exchange, generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time, or such earlier time as may be required by such organization. These organizations may be authorized to designate other intermediaries to act in this capacity. Such an organization may charge

you transaction fees on redemptions of Fund shares and may impose other charges or restrictions or account options that differ from those applicable to shareholders who redeem shares directly through the Transfer Agent.

At the discretion of the Fund or the Transfer Agent, corporate investors and other associations may be required to furnish an appropriate certification authorizing redemptions to ensure proper authorization. The Fund reserves the right to require you to close your account if at any time the value of your shares is less than \$5,000 (based on actual amounts invested, unaffected by market fluctuations), or such other minimum amount as the Fund may determine from time to time. After notification to you of the Fund's intention to close your account, you will be given 60 days to increase the value of your account to the minimum amount.

The Fund reserves the right to suspend the right of redemption or to postpone the date of payment for more than 3 business days under unusual circumstances as determined by the Securities and Exchange Commission. Under unusual circumstances, when the Board of Directors deems it appropriate, the Fund may make payment for shares redeemed in portfolio securities of the Fund taken at current value.

Redemption Fee. The Fund may assess a short-term redemption fee of 2.00% of the total redemption amount if you sell your shares, including exchanging your shares for shares of another fund, after holding them for less than 60 days. The redemption fee is paid directly to the Fund and is designed to offset brokerage commissions, market impact and other costs associated with short-term trading of Fund shares. For purposes of determining whether the redemption fee applies, the shares that were held the longest will be redeemed first. Although the Fund has a goal of assessing this redemption fee on applicable redemptions, the redemption fee may not apply in certain circumstances where it is not currently practicable for the Fund to impose the fee, such as redemptions of shares held in certain omnibus accounts or retirement plans or redemptions under a certain dollar amount. You should consult with your retirement plan administrator or omnibus account representative to determine whether the redemption fee is applicable to your shares. The redemption fee may also not apply to redemptions that do not indicate market timing strategies, such as redemptions of shares through automatic non-discretionary rebalancing programs, systematic withdrawal plans, redemptions requested within 60 days following the death or illness of the shareholder (or, if a trust, its beneficiary), redemptions requested pursuant to minimum required distributions from retirement plans or redemptions initiated by the Fund. The redemption fee will not apply to shares acquired through reinvestment of dividends and other distributions.

Excessive Trading Policy. Purchases and exchanges should be made for investment purposes only. Frequent trades in your account or accounts controlled by you can disrupt portfolio investment strategies, harm Fund performance by forcing the Fund to hold excess cash or to liquidate certain portfolio securities prematurely and increase expenses for all investors, including long-term investors who do not generate these costs. An investor may use short-term trading as a strategy, for example, if the investor believes that the valuation of the Fund's portfolio securities for purposes of calculating its net asset value does not fully reflect the then current fair market value of those holdings. The Fund discourages, and does not take any intentional action to accommodate, excessive and short-term trading practices, such as market timing. Although there is no generally applied standard in the marketplace as to what level of trading activity is excessive, we may consider trading in the Fund's shares to be excessive for a variety of reasons, such as if:

- You sell shares within a short period of time after the shares were purchased;
- You make two or more purchases and redemptions within a short period of time;
- You enter into a series of transactions that is indicative of a timing pattern or strategy; or
- We reasonably believe that you have engaged in such practices in connection with other mutual funds.

To deter such activities, the Board of Directors has adopted an Excessive Trading Policy. Under this policy, the Fund or its agents may temporarily or permanently suspend or terminate, without any prior notice, exchange privileges of any investor who makes more than two exchanges (each exceeding \$10,000 in value) out of the Fund within 60 days of each other and bar, without any prior notice, future purchases of the Fund by such an investor, including transactions representing excessive trading and transactions accepted by any shareholder's financial intermediary. In addition, the Fund or its agents may reject any purchase orders (including exchange purchases) by any investor or group of investors indefinitely for any reason, and shall reject any such purchase orders that they believe are attributable to market timers or are otherwise excessive or potentially disruptive to the Fund.

Orders placed by investors in violation of the exchange limits or the excessive trading policies or by investors that the Fund believes are market timers will be revoked or cancelled by the Fund on the next business day after receipt of the order.

Systematic purchases and redemptions transactions are exempt from this policy. This policy may be modified for accounts held by certain retirement plans to conform to plan exchange limits or Department of Labor regulations, and for certain automated or pre-established exchange, asset allocation or dollar cost averaging programs. These exchange limits are subject to the Fund's ability to monitor exchange activity, as discussed under "Limitations on the Ability to Detect and Curtail Excessive Trading Practices" below. In applying this policy, the Fund considers the information available to it at the time and may consider trading done in multiple accounts under common ownership, control or influence.

Limitations on the Ability to Detect and Curtail Excessive Trading Practices. Shareholders seeking to engage in excessive trading practices may deploy a variety of strategies to avoid detection, and, despite the best efforts of the Fund to prevent excessive trading, there is no guarantee that the Fund or its agents will be able to identify such shareholders or curtail their trading practices. The Fund receives purchase and redemption orders through financial intermediaries and cannot always know or reasonably detect excessive trading which may be facilitated by these intermediaries or by the use of omnibus account arrangements offered by these intermediaries to investors. Omnibus account arrangements are common forms of holding shares of the Fund, particularly among certain financial intermediaries, retirement plans and variable insurance products. These arrangements often permit multiple investors to aggregate their respective share ownership positions and purchase, redeem and exchange Fund shares where the identity of the particular shareholder(s) is not known to the Fund.

SHAREHOLDER SERVICES

Contact the Transfer Agent (nationwide, call toll-free 1-800-266-5566) for additional information about the shareholder services described below.

Automatic Withdrawal Plan

If the shares in your account have a value of at least \$25,000, you may elect to receive, or may designate another person to receive, monthly or quarterly payments in a specified amount of not less than \$100 each. There is no charge for this service.

Tax-Deferred Retirement Plans

Shares of the Fund are available for purchase in connection with the following tax-deferred retirement plans:

- Individual retirement account (IRA) plans for individuals and their non-employed spouses, including Roth IRAs
- Qualified pension and profit-sharing plans for employees, including those profit-sharing plans with a 401(k) provision

Direct Deposit Plans

Shares of the Fund may be purchased through direct deposit plans offered by certain employers and government agencies. These plans enable you to have all or a portion of your payroll or social security checks transferred automatically to purchase shares of the Fund.

Automatic Investment Plan

You may make automatic monthly investments in the Fund from your bank, savings and loan or other depository institution account. The minimum investment must be \$100 under the plan. The Fund pays the costs associated with these transfers, but reserves the right, upon 30 days' written notice, to charge a reasonable fee for this service. Your depository institution may impose its own charge for debiting your account, which would reduce your return from an investment in the Fund.

Delivery of Prospectus and Shareholder Reports

Subject to your express or implied consent, upon notice by the Transfer Agent, the Fund may elect to send prospectuses and shareholder reports on a "household" basis. This means that the Fund may send only one copy of a prospectus or annual report and semiannual report to a household that has multiple Fund accounts. You may revoke your consent by contacting the Transfer Agent in writing, at the address listed in the "How to Purchase Shares" section. The Transfer Agent will begin sending you individual copies of the Fund's prospectus and shareholder reports it delivers 30 days after receiving your revocation.

DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

The Fund expects to distribute substantially all of its net investment income and net realized capital gains, if any, on an annual basis. You may elect to receive dividend and capital gain distributions in either cash or additional shares. You should indicate your choice of option on your account application. If no option is specified on your account application, distributions will automatically be reinvested in additional shares. All distributions will be based on the NAV in effect on the payable date. No sales charge is imposed on any reinvestment of distributions and dividends in additional shares of the Fund.

If you select to receive distributions in cash and the U.S. Postal Service cannot deliver your checks or if your checks remain uncashed for 90 days, your dividends may be reinvested in your account at the then current NAV and your account will be converted to the reinvest option. No interest will accrue on an amount represented by uncashed distribution checks.

TAXES

The Fund has qualified and intends to continue to qualify for the special tax treatment afforded a "regulated investment company" under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code so that it does not pay federal taxes on income and capital gains distributed to shareholders. The Fund intends to distribute annually all or substantially all of its net investment income and any net realized capital gains to its shareholders. Distributions of net realized short-term capital gains, if any, are taxable as ordinary income. Dividends from net investment income are taxable either as ordinary income or, if so designated by the Fund and certain other conditions, including holding period requirements, are met by the Fund and the shareholder, as "qualified dividend income" taxable to individual shareholders at a maximum 15% U.S. federal income tax rate. Dividends distributed by the Fund from net investment income may be eligible, in whole or in part, for the dividends-received deduction available to corporations.

Distributions of net capital gains (i.e., the excess of net long-term capital gains over net short-term capital losses) by the Fund are taxable to you as capital gains without regard to the length of time you have held your Fund shares. Capital gains distributions may be taxable at different rates depending on their source and other factors. Redemptions of shares of the Fund are taxable events on which you may realize a gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between the net amount of sale proceeds that you receive and your tax basis for the shares that you sell. Due to the investment strategies used by the Fund, distributions are generally expected to consist of net capital gains; however, the nature of the Fund's distributions could vary in any given year.

The Fund will mail a statement to you annually indicating the amount and federal income tax status of all distributions made during the year. The Fund's dividends and distributions are taxable whether received in cash or reinvested in additional shares. In addition to federal taxes, you may be subject to state and local taxes on distributions. A shareholder may be subject to 28% backup withholding on reportable dividends, capital gain distributions, and redemptions payments if a certified taxpayer identification number is not on file with the Fund, if the Internal Revenue Service notifies the Fund to implement backup withholding from the shareholder, or if to the Fund's knowledge, an incorrect number has been furnished. An individual taxpayer's identification number usually is his or her social security number.

If you are investing through a tax-deferred retirement account, such as an IRA, special tax rules apply and you should consult your tax adviser for detailed information about the tax consequences to you of owning Fund shares.

The above tax information does not constitute individual tax advice. Please consult your tax adviser with respect to the specific federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of investing in the Fund.

CALCULATION OF SHARE PRICE

On each day that the Fund is open for business, the public offering price (NAV plus applicable sales charge) of Fund shares is determined as of the close of the regular session of trading on the NYSE (generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time). The Fund is open for business on each day the NYSE is open for regular trading. The NAV per share is calculated by dividing the sum of the value of its assets minus its liabilities (including estimated accrued expenses) by the total number of its outstanding shares, rounded to the nearest cent. The price at which a purchase or redemption of Fund shares is effected is based on the next calculation of NAV after the order is placed.

The Fund generally values its portfolio securities using closing market prices or readily available market quotations. When closing market prices or market quotations are not available or are considered by the Adviser to be unreliable, the Adviser determines a security's fair value. All methods of determining the value of a security used by the Fund, including those discussed below, on a basis other than market value, are forms of fair value. All valuations of securities on a fair value basis are made pursuant to procedures adopted by the Board of Directors. The use of fair value pricing by the Fund may cause the net asset value of its shares to differ from the net asset value that would be calculated using only market prices. For market prices and quotations, the Fund relies upon securities prices provided by pricing services.

The Fund uses the fair value of a security, including a non-U.S. security, when the Adviser determines that the closing market price on the primary exchange where the security is traded no longer accurately reflects the value of the security at the time the Fund calculates its net asset value. This may occur for a variety of reasons that affect either the relevant securities markets generally or the specific issuer. For example, with respect to non-U.S. securities held by the Fund, developments relating to specific events, the securities markets or the specific issuer may occur between the time the primary market closes and the time the Fund determines its net asset value. In those circumstances when the Fund believes the price of the security may be affected, the Fund uses the fair value of the security. International securities markets may be open on days when the U.S. markets are closed. For this reason, the values of any international securities owned by the Fund could change on a day you cannot buy or sell shares of the Fund.

Certain types of securities, including those discussed in this paragraph, are priced using fair value rather than market prices. The Fund values debt securities with remaining maturities of 60 days or less at amortized cost. To the extent that the Fund invests in the shares of other registered open-end investment companies that are not traded on an exchange (mutual funds), such shares are valued at their published net asset values per share as reported by the funds. The prospectuses of these funds explain the circumstances under which the funds will use fair value pricing and the effects of using fair value pricing.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the table represent the rate that an investor would have earned or lost on an investment in the Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). The information for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, 2006 and 2005 has been derived from the Fund's financial statements as audited by Briggs, Bunting & Dougherty, LLP. The information for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004 had been audited by a nationally recognized independent accounting firm, whose report, along with the report of Briggs, Bunting & Dougherty, LLP and Fund's financial statements, are included in the Fund's annual report for those years, which is available upon request.

Per Share Data and Ratios for a Share of Capital Stock Outstanding Throughout Each Year

	Year Ended December 31, 2008	Year Ended December 31, 2007	Year Ended December 31, 2006	Year Ended December 31, 2005	Year Ended December 31, 2004
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Year	\$ 15.22	\$ 17.14	\$ 14.87	\$ 15.28	\$ 14.44
Activity from investment operations:					
Net investment income (loss)	0.13	0.13	0.25	0.04	(0.02)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments (3)	(6.06)	(0.92)	2.69	(0.02)	0.87
Total from investment operations	(5.93)	(0.79)	2.94	0.02	0.85
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.13)	(0.14)	(0.25)	(0.04)	-
Net realized gains	-	(0.99)	(0.42)	(0.39)	(0.01)
Total distributions	(0.13)	(1.13)	(0.67)	(0.43)	(0.01)
Net Asset Value, End of Year	\$ 9.16	\$ 15.22	\$ 17.14	\$ 14.87	\$ 15.28
Total Return (1)	(38.95)%	(4.70)%	19.72%	0.11%	5.87%
Net Assets, At End of Year	\$13,542,394	\$31,376,015	\$34,651,567	\$29,747,826	\$33,485,370
Ratio of gross expenses to average net assets (2)	2.41%	1.95%	2.16%	2.35%	2.51%
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets	0.77%	0.72%	1.58%	0.24%	(0.12)%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	10%	6%	12%	9%	7%

(1) Total returns shown exclude the effect of applicable sales loads/redemption fees.

(2) Represents the ratio of expenses to average net assets absent fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements by the Adviser, Manager and Distributor.

(3) Effect of redemption fees which became effective May 1, 2004 are included in net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments. However, separately these amounts were less than \$0.01 per share.

BOYAR VALUE FUND, INC. PRIVACY POLICY DISCLOSURE

Thank you for your decision to invest with us. Your privacy is very important to us. The following constitutes a description of our policies regarding disclosure of nonpublic personal information that you provide to us or that we collect from other sources.

CATEGORIES OF INFORMATION WE COLLECT

We collect the following nonpublic personal information about you:

- Information we receive from you on or in applications or other forms, correspondence, or conversations, including, but not limited to, your name, address, phone number, social security number, assets, income and date of birth; and
- Information about your transactions with us, our affiliates, or others, including, but not limited to, your account number and balance, payment history, parties to transactions, cost basis information, and other financial information.

Categories of Information we Disclose and Parties to Whom we Disclose

We do not disclose any nonpublic personal information about our current or former shareholders to nonaffiliated third parties, except as required or permitted by law.

Service Provider/Transfer Agent Exception

We are permitted by law to disclose all of the information we collect, as described above, to our service provider/transfer agent to process your transactions.

Confidentiality and Security

We restrict access to your nonpublic personal information to those persons who require such information to provide products or services to you. We maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards that comply with federal standards to guard your nonpublic personal information.

Intermediaries

In the event that you hold shares of the Fund through a financial intermediary, including, but not limited to, a broker-dealer, bank or trust company, the privacy policy of your financial intermediary would govern how your nonpublic personal information would be shared with nonaffiliated third parties.

THIS POLICY IS NOT A PART OF THE PROSPECTUS

Investment Adviser

Boyar Asset Management, Inc.
35 East 21st Street
New York, New York 10010

Fund Manager

Ladenburg Thalmann Fund Management LLC
520 Madison Avenue
9th Floor
New York, New York 10022

Distributor

Ladenburg Thalmann & Co. Inc.
520 Madison Avenue
9th Floor
New York, New York 10022

Custodian

Bank of New York Mellon
1 Wall Street, 25th Floor
New York, New York 10286

Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Briggs, Bunting & Dougherty, LLP
1835 Market Street, 26th Floor
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103

Board of Directors

Henry A. Alpert
Mark A. Boyar
Richard Finkelstein
Jay R. Petschek

Additional information about the Fund is included in the Statement of Additional Information ("SAI"), which is incorporated by reference in its entirety and is therefore legally a part of this Prospectus. Additional information about the Fund's investments is available in the Fund's annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders. In the Fund's annual report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and strategies that significantly affected the Fund's performance during its last fiscal year.

To obtain a free copy of the SAI, the annual and semi-annual reports or other information about the Fund, or to make inquiries about the Fund, please call 1-800-266-5566.

Information about the Fund, including the SAI and annual and semi-annual reports, can be reviewed and copied at the Securities and Exchange Commission's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. Information about the operation of the public reference room can be obtained by calling the Commission at 1-202-551-8090. Reports and other information about the Fund are available on the Commission's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>. Copies of information on the Commission's Internet site may be obtained, upon payment of a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing to: Securities and Exchange Commission, Public Reference Section, 100 F Street NE, Washington, D.C. 20549-0102. The Fund's SAI and annual and semi-annual reports are not available on its website as such information is available through these other means and from the Commission as described above.

Investment Company Act File No. 811-8253

Prospectus

May 1, 2009

The Boyar Value Fund

A Multi-Cap Value Fund

Seeking Long-Term

Capital Appreciation

BOYAX

Ticker Symbol

As with all mutual funds, the Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy of this prospectus. Anyone who tells you otherwise is committing a crime.

